



Private and Confidential July 2018

Dear Audit Committee Members

We are pleased to attach our Audit Results Report for the forthcoming meeting of the Audit Committee. This report summarises our conclusions in relation to the audit of Darlington Borough Council ("the Council") for 2017/18.

We have substantially completed our audit of the Council for the year ended 31 March 2018. We confirm that we expect to issue an unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements in the form set out in Section 3, before the statutory deadline of 31 July 2018.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Audit Committee, other members of the Council, and senior management. It should not be used for any other purpose or given to any other party without obtaining our written consent.

We would like to thank your staff for their help during the engagement.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Audit Committee meeting on 26 July 2018.

Yours faithfully

N. Luight

Nicola Wright Associate Partner For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Encl

Contents



In April 2015, Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd ("PSAA") issued the "Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (www.PSAA.co.uk). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment (updated February 2017)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice ("the Code") and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Audit Committee and management of Darlington Borough Council in accordance with the Statement of Responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Audit Committee and management of Darlington Borough Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Audit Committee and management of Darlington Borough Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Scope update

In our Audit Planning Report presented at the 28 March 2018 Audit Committee meeting, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements.

We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft 2017/18 financial statements, and have also reconsidered our risk assessment. Based on our materiality measure of gross expenditure on provision of services, we have updated our overall materiality assessment to £5.2m (Audit Planning Report £5.1m). This results in updated performance materiality, at 75% of overall materiality, of £3.9m, however our threshold for reporting misstatements has remained the same at £0.3m.

Status of the audit

We have substantially completed our audit of the Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 and have performed the procedures outlined in our Audit Planning Report. Subject to satisfactory completion of the following outstanding items, we expect to issue an unqualified opinion on the Council's financial statements in the form which appears at Section 3. However until work is complete, further amendments may arise.

Outstanding Items

- Receipt of final IAS19 letter from the auditors of Durham County Council Pension Fund, Mazars;
- Completion of procedures required by the National Audit Office ("NAO") regarding the Whole of Government Accounts submission;
- · Review of the final accounts; and
- Final review of audit work completed and audit completion procedures.

Audit differences

One unadjusted audit difference has been identified. This relates to a £10k difference in note 8c. Exit Packages, between the pension strain value agreed with Durham County Council Pension Fund and the value disclosed in the note. This has been highlighted as, although it is below our reporting threshold, it is a sensitive disclosure.

Three material adjusted audit differences have been identified in relation to the valuation of land and buildings. These have been set out in more detail in Section 4 of the report.

There have also been some other minor changes made to the draft financial statements and we summarise these in Section 4 of this report.

Control observations

We have adopted a fully substantive approach, so have not tested the operation of controls. Through our audit work, we have not identified any significant weaknesses in controls that we wish to bring to your attention.

Executive Summary

Areas of audit focus

Our Audit Planning Report identified key areas of focus for our audit of the Council's financial statements. This report sets out our observations and conclusions, including our views on areas which might be conservative, and where there is potential risk and exposure. We summarise our consideration of these matters, and any others identified, in Section 2 of this report.

We ask you to review these and any other matters in this report to ensure:

- There are no other considerations or matters that could have an impact on these issues;
- · You agree with the resolution of the issue; and
- There are no other significant issues to be considered.

There are no matters, apart from those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Audit Committee.

Value for money

We have considered your arrangements to take informed decisions, deploy resources in a sustainable manner, and work with partners and other third parties. In our Audit Planning Report, we identified two significant risks in relation to financial sustainability and the Children's Services Ofsted Inspection.

Following the completion of our work in relation to these risks, we propose to issue an unmodified conclusion on your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We are required to perform procedures required by the National Audit Office ("NAO") on the Whole of Government Accounts submission. This work is ongoing at the time of writing this report.

We have no other matters to report.

Independence

Please refer to Section 9 for our update on Independence.





Significant risk

Risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure recognition

What is the risk?

Under ISA 240, there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

Local authorities have a statutory duty to balance their annual budget and are operating in a financially challenged environment with reducing levels of government funding and increasing demand for services. Achievement of budget is critical to minimising the impact and usage of the Council's usable reserves and provides a basis for the following year's budget. Any deficit outturn against the budget is therefore not a desirable outcome for the Council and management, and therefore this desire to achieve budget increases the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated.

What judgements are we focused on?

The main judgements we focussed on were:

- Completeness of provisions in the accounts;
- Sundry creditors including year end accruals totalling £29.478m; and
- Valuation of short term debtors, including income accruals, of £20.458m.

What did we do?

- We reviewed and tested revenue and expenditure recognition policies;
- We reviewed, discussed with management, and tested (where appropriate) any accounting estimates on revenue or expenditure recognition for evidence of bias;
- We tested material revenue and expenditure streams, including testing revenue and capital expenditure to ensure it has been correctly classified; and
- We reviewed a sample of transactions recorded in the ledger and payments made from the bank account post year-end and confirmed that the associated income and expenditure has been recorded in the correct period.

Our testing has not identified any material misstatements relating to revenue and expenditure recognition.

We did not identify any areas of significant estimation or judgement as part of our audit work in these areas.

During the audit, we did however identify that the Council utilise the in-house Direct Labour Organisation (DLO) to perform capital works on behalf of the Council. The DLO perform the works as instructed and then recharge the Council the actual costs plus a profit percentage for the works completed. This profit percentage is market tested to ensure it is in line with external bodies.

As a result of this arrangement there is a profit element built into the value of the capitalised additions, performed by the DLO, in the Balance Sheet, along with the inclusion of a profit in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The value of this profit in 2017/18 is £1.1m.

We have highlighted this area, so that the Committee is aware of this treatment before approving the financial statements.





Significant risk

Misstatements due to fraud or error

What is the risk?

The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error.

As identified in ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

What judgements are we focused on?

Our work in this area focussed on reviewing manual journal entries, through the use of our data analytics tools, as this is the way in management would most easily be able to manipulate accounting records.

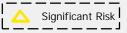
What did we do?

- We identified fraud risks during the planning stage of our audit;
- We inquired of management about risks of fraud and the controls put in place to address those risks;
- We developed our understanding of the oversight given by those charged with governance over management's processes over fraud;
- We considered the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud:
- We determined an appropriate strategy to address those identified risks of fraud; and
- We performed mandatory procedures regardless of specifically identified fraud risks, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments in the preparation of the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?

We did not identify any transactions during our audit which appeared unusual or outside of the Council's normal course of business.

We have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied.





Other Area of Audit Focus

Valuation of land and buildings

What is the risk?

The fair value of Property, Plant and Equipment ("PPE") represents a significant balance in the Council's accounts and is subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges.

Management is required to make material judgemental inputs and apply estimation techniques to calculate the yearend balances recorded in the balance sheet.

What did we do?

- We have considered the work performed by the Council's valuer, Kier, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work:
- We have sample tested key asset information used by the valuers in performing their valuation (e.g. floor plans to support valuations based on price per square metre);
- We have considered the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a five year rolling programme as required by the CIPFA Code;
- We have reviewed assets not subject to valuation in 2017/18 to confirm that the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- · We have considered changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation; and
- We have tested accounting entries to ensure they have been correctly processed in the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?

We identified three material misstatements in relation to the valuation of land and buildings and we set these out on the following page.



Valuation of land and buildings

As set out on the previous page, in our Audit Planning Report we highlighted the valuation of land and buildings as an inherent risk.

During the audit, we identified the following adjustments that have been made to the Council's financial statements:

- £40.8m adjustment to the net book value of Council Dwellings in both the 2016/17 and 2017/18 accounts due to the incorrect inclusion of accumulated depreciation, which should have been removed on revaluation. This impacts upon the Property, Plant and Equipment value disclosed in the Balance Sheet and will result in the value of the assets increasing, as well as the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and Unusable Reserves, however it does not impact upon the Council's General Fund.
- On review of the depreciated replacement cost (DRC) valuations, completed by the Council's valuer Kier, we identified that the location factor used was higher than we expected. This was queried with Kier who have confirmed that the location factor used was incorrect. As a result a reduction of £5.8m has been made to the value of the three DRC valuations included in the Property, Plant and Equipment balance disclosed in the Balance Sheet.
- The Council has obtained valuations for both the Feethams Multi Storey Car Park and the Hippodrome. However, the split between land and buildings for both assets was incorrectly added to the fixed asset register which has resulted in the revaluation reserve reducing by £14.9m and the amount in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement by £14.9m.

These have all been amended and no other issues have been identified.



Other Area of Audit Focus

Pension Liability Valuation

What is the risk?

The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme. The Council's pension fund deficit is a material estimated balance and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Council by the actuary to the Council. Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What did we do?

- · We have liaised with the auditor for the Durham County Council Pension Fund to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to the Council. We are still awaiting formalised confirmation of the work performed, but through our preliminary discussions with them, there are no expected significant issues arising;
- We have assessed the work of the Pension Fund actuary (AON), including the assumptions they have used, by relying on the work of PwC - Consulting Actuaries commissioned by PSAA for all Local Government sector auditors, and considering any relevant reviews by the EY actuarial team; and
- Reviewed and tested the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Council's financial statements in relation to IAS19.

What are our conclusions?

At the time of writing this report, our work on the pension liability valuation was outstanding. We will update the Audit Committee of our findings at the meeting on 26 July 2018.



Other matters

IFRS 15 - Revenue From Contracts With Customers (new accounting standard)

- The applicable accounting framework is CIPFA's annual Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (which is IFRS based as adapted for Local Authorities). The 2018/19 Code will apply to accounting periods starting on or after 1 April 2018. The 2018/19 Code will determine how IFRS 15 Revenue from Customers with Contracts will be adopted by local government bodies.
- It is our view, that IFRS 15 will not have a material impact on this Council's financial statements. The vast majority of the Council's income streams are taxation or grant based. The following income streams which are within the scope of IFRS 15 are immaterial to the Council:
 - Fees and charges for services under statutory requirements;
 - · Sale of goods provided by the Council; and
 - Charges for services provided by a local authority.
- We look forward to working with management to ensure any relevant changes in requirements are considered and dealt with effectively.





Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DARLINGTON BOROUGH COUNCIL

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Darlington Borough Council for the year ended 31 March 2018 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The financial statements comprise the:

- Movement in Reserves Statement:
- Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement;
- Balance Sheet:
- Cash Flow Statement:
- Notes to the Core Financial Statements 1 to 41;
- Housing Revenue Account Income and Expenditure Statement and related notes 1 to 8; and
- Collection Fund Statement and the related notes 1 to 3.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Darlington Borough Council as at 31 March 2018 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) AGN01, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Assistant Director Resources use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Assistant Director Resources has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Council's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Narrative Report of Darlington Borough Council by the Assistant Director - Resources set out on pages 3-13, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Assistant Director - Resources is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014

Arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, having regard to the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in November 2017, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, Darlington Borough Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2018.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the Annual Governance Statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council:
- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014:
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Responsibility of the Assistant Director - Resources

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts of Darlington Borough Council set out on page 14, the Assistant Director - Resources is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

In preparing the financial statements, the Assistant Director – Resources is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Council either intends to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criterion issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in November 2017, as to whether Darlington Borough Council had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined this criterion as that necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether Darlington Borough Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2018.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, Darlington Borough Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) requires us to report to you our conclusion relating to proper arrangements.

We report if significant matters have come to our attention which prevent us from concluding that the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of Darlington Borough Council in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of Darlington Borough Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nicola Wright (Key Audit Partner) Ernst & Young LLP (Local Auditor) Newcastle upon Tyne

The maintenance and integrity of the Darlington Borough Council web site is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the web site.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions





Audit Differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of unadjusted/adjusted differences

Unadjusted misstatement

The following misstatement in the financial statements has not been corrected by management. The error relates to a £10k difference in note 8c. Exit Packages, between the pension strain value agreed with Durham County Council Pension Fund and the value disclosed in the note for one individual. This has been highlighted as, although it is below our reporting threshold, it is a sensitive disclosure. Following additional testing in this area we are satisfied that it does not impact upon our audit opinion. This should be considered and approved by the Audit Committee and has been included in the Letter of Representation in Appendix B.

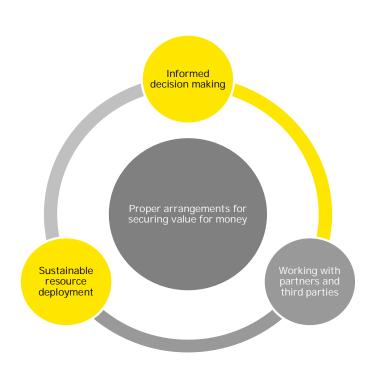
Adjusted misstatements

We highlight the following misstatements in the disclosures identified during the audit. These have been corrected by management:

- £40.8m adjustment to the net book value of Council Dwellings in both the 2016/17 and 2017/18 financial statements due to the incorrect inclusion of accumulated depreciation, which should have been removed on revaluation. This impacts upon the Property, Plant and Equipment value disclosed in the Balance Sheet, which will increase in value as a result of the adjustment, as well as the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and Unusable Reserves, however it does not impact upon the Council's General Fund.
- On review of the depreciated replacement cost (DRC) valuations, completed by the Council's valuer Kier, we identified that the location factor used was higher than we expected. This was queried with Kier who have confirmed that the location factor used was incorrect. As a result a reduction of £5.8m has been made to the value of the three DRC valuations included in the Property, Plant and Equipment balance disclosed in the Balance Sheet.
- The Council has obtained valuations for both the Feethams Multi Storey Car Park and the Hippodrome. The split between land and buildings for both assets was incorrectly added to the fixed asset register which has resulted in the revaluation reserve reducing by £14.9m and the amount in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement by £14.9m.
- There were a number of inconsistencies between notes included in the financial statements. These have all been amended.



Value for Money



Background

We are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

For 2017/18 this is based on the overall evaluation criterion:

"In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people"

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

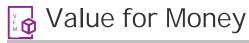
- Take informed decisions;
- Deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- Work with partners and other third parties.

In considering your proper arrangements, we will draw on the requirements of the CIPFA/SOLACE framework for local government to ensure that our assessment is made against a framework that you are already required to have in place and to report on through documents such as your Annual Governance Statement.

Overall conclusion

We identified two significant risks around the value for money arrangements as part of our audit planning work. The table on the following page presents our findings in response to the risks in our Audit Planning Report and any other significant weaknesses or issues we want to bring to your attention.

Based on the work performed we expect having no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources.



Value for Money Risks

We are only required to determine whether there are any risks that we consider significant within the Code of Audit Practice, where risk is defined as:

"A matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public"

Our risk assessment supports the planning of enough work to deliver a safe conclusion on your arrangements to secure value for money, and enables us to determine the nature and extent of any further work needed. If we do not identify a significant risk we do not need to carry out further work.

The table below presents the findings of our work in response to the risks areas in our Audit Planning Report.

What arrangements

What is the significant value for money

did the risk affect? Deploy resources in a

What are our findings?

The Council faces a challenging set of financial circumstances, resulting from reductions in revenue made available from Central Government and additional budget pressures, including growing demand for services.

The Council has produced a medium term financial plan that ensures it is able to provide all of its statutory services. However, as a result of further budget reductions and low levels of reserves, there is a risk that an unexpected cost pressure or unforeseen events may result in the Council being unable to deliver this plan.

sustainable manner

We have completed the following work in this area:

- We have obtained a copy of the latest medium term financial plan and tested a sample of the assumptions used;
- We have reviewed the 2017/18 outturn report that was presented to Cabinet in June 2018 and assessed whether the medium term financial plan and cost reduction plans are on target;
- We have assessed the Council's level of reserves using our financial resilience tools; and
- We have selected a sample of cost reduction plans and tested the assumptions used to ensure the savings targets are reasonable.

The testing performed has identified that the Council is currently delivering against its medium term financial plan and have recently reported a £530k improvement in 2017/18 against the projected outturn. Our testing of the assumptions used in the cost reduction plans and medium term financial plan have identified that they are reasonable. Based on the testing performed, we are satisfied that there is no impact upon our VFM conclusion from this risk.

The Council was subject to an Ofsted review in June and July 2015. This resulted in the Council being provided with an overall "inadequate" rating. The Council, along with external consultants Red Quadrant, have developed an improvement plan to address the issues raised by Ofsted. Subsequent correspondence from both Ofsted and the Department for Education

highlight that improvements have been made, although further improvements

are required.

Take informed decisions

We have completed the following work in this area:

- We have received regular updates from senior officers during the year on the progress that has been made: and
- We have reviewed the findings of the Ofsted reports that have been received during the year.

On 21 May 2018, Ofsted confirmed that they would be lifting the "Inadequate" rating and as a result we are satisfied that governance arrangements have improved sufficiently, therefore there is no impact upon our VFM conclusion from this risk.



Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Narrative Report of Darlington Borough Council by the Assistant Director - Resources with the audited financial statements. We are satisfied that the Narrative Report is consistent with the audited financial statements.

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance. We are satisfied that the Annual Governance Statement complies with guidance and is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

Our work in this area is ongoing.

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Council to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Council, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. We did not identify any issues.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Council's financial reporting process. We have nothing to report to you in relation to this.





Assessment of Control Environment

Financial controls

It is the responsibility of the Council to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Council has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. As we have adopted a fully substantive approach, we have therefore not tested the operation of controls.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control, we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements of which you are not aware.





Use of Data Analytics in the Audit

Analytics Driven Audit

We used our data analysers to enable us to capture entire populations of your financial data. These analysers:

- Help identify specific exceptions and anomalies which can then be the focus of our substantive audit tests; and
- Give greater likelihood of identifying errors than traditional, random sampling techniques.

In 2017/18, our use of these analysers in the Council's audit included testing journal entries and employee related expenses, to identify and focus our testing on those entries we deem to have the highest inherent risk to the audit.

We capture the data through our formal data requests and the data transfer takes place on a secured EY website. These are in line with our EY data protection policies which are designed to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of business and personal information.

Journal Entry Analysis

We obtain downloads of all the Council's financial ledger transactions posted in the year. We perform completeness analysis over the data, reconciling the sum of transactions to the movement in the trial balances and financial statements to ensure we have captured all data. Our analysers then review and sort transactions, allowing us to more effectively identify and test journals that we consider to be higher risk, as identified in our audit planning report.

Payroll Analysis

We also use our analysers in our payroll testing. We obtain all payroll transactions posted in the year from the payroll system and perform completeness analysis over the data, including reconciling the total amount to the General Ledger trial balance. We then analyse the data against a number of specifically designed procedures. These include analysis of payroll costs by month to identify any variances from established expectations, as well as more detailed transactional interrogation.



Journal Entry Data Insights

The graphic outlined below summarises the Council's journal population for 2017/18. We review journals by certain risk based criteria to focus on higher risk transactions, such as journals posted manually by management, those posted around the year-end, those with unusual debit and credit relationships, and those posted by individuals we would not expect to be entering transactions. The purpose of this approach is to provide a more effective, risk focused approach to auditing journal entries, minimising the burden of compliance on management by minimising randomly selected samples.

Helix - GLASS: Journal Entry Data Insights - 18 Darlington Borough Council - YE - 31/03/2018 Manual v System by Volume Manual v System by Value Top Five Preparers Facts and Figures Manual (1.6%) AGRSUP. Number of Journals Posted 69.775 Agresso. 128,470 Manual (43.0%) W00196 System (57.0%) 13,891 25-Nick System (98.4%) RHO2157 Average Number of Journals Posted 12,649 0-Andre. per Day: Top Five Activity Accounts **Bottom Five Activity Accounts** 381 FENTON 9.790 G-Ged. Short Term Council Houses Creditors WILSONK 4,900 Short Term Short Term -Kendra. Average Number of Lines per Journal Debtors Borrowing PRIVATE Long Term 24,845 10.000 20.000 30.000 40,000 60,000 60.000 70,000 CONTRACTO ... Creditors CUSTOMER & Long Term Bottom Five Preparers Operational Efficiences 23,416 CLIENT RECE. Investments EQUIPMENT. Other Long CHAPMA 18.514 Manual Journals Posted at weekend. FURNITURE Term Liabilities NS-Sus. 12 50,000 100,000 SGSUPE R-Steve. Days of the Week GRAINGE RH-Hel. Manual journals where gross 31.0k 1,870.0M HIND083 amount is < £5 7-Jean. 23.4k 1.400.0M 10 BAXTER 930.0M 16.0k M-Mich 470.0M 6.0k METCALF Journal lines with zero value: 0.0 0.0 EC-Che. 25 Wed Tue Thu

Journal Entry Testing

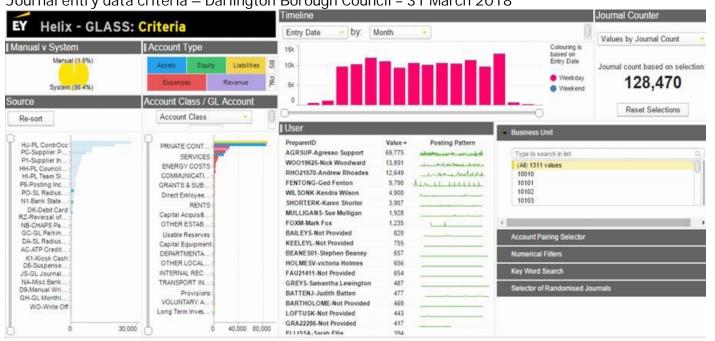
What is the risk?

In line with ISA 240 we are required to test the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements.

What judgements are we focused on?

Using our analysers we are able to take a risk based approach to identify journals with a higher risk of management override, as outlined in our audit planning report.

Journal entry data criteria – Darlington Borough Council – 31 March 2018



What did we do?

We obtained general ledger journal data for the period and have used our analysers to identify characteristics typically associated with inappropriate journal entries or adjustments, and journals entries that are subject to a higher risk of management override.

We then performed tests on the journals identified to determine if they were appropriate and reasonable.

What are our conclusions?

We isolated a sub set of journals for further investigation and obtained supporting evidence to verify the posting of these transactions and concluded that they were appropriately stated.





Confirmation

We confirm that there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our Audit Planning Report presented in March 2018.

We complied with the FRC's Ethical Standard and the requirements of the PSAA's Terms of Appointment. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement associate partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter which you should review, as well as us. It is important that you and your Audit Committee consider the facts known to you and come to a view. If you would like to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do this at the meeting of the Audit Committee on 26 July 2018.



As part of our reporting on our independence, we set out below a summary of the fees paid for the year ended 31 March 2018.

	Planned fee 2017/18	Scale fee 2017/18	Final Fee 2016/17
	£	£	£
Total Fee - Code work	93,264	93,264	93,264
Total Fee - Housing Benefit certification work	8,911	8,911	11,525
Total Audit fee	102,175	102,175	104,789
Non-audit work – Teachers' Pensions Certification	TBC	-	3,200
Non-audit work – Housing Pooling Certification	TBC	-	3,000
Non-audit work – Homes and Communities Agency Rent and Sale Checklist review	TBC	-	5,000
Total fees	102,175	102,175	115,989





Required communications with the Audit Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Audit Committees of UK clients. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Audit Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	Audit Planning Report – presented March 2018
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified.	Audit Planning Report – presented March 2018
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Audit Planning Report - presented March 2018



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	No conditions or events were identified, either individually or together to raise any doubt about Darlington Borough Council's ability to continue for the 12 months from the date of our report.
Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	Audit Results Report - July 2018
Subsequent events	• Enquiry of the Audit Committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements.	Audit Committee - July 2018
Fraud	 Enquiries of the Audit Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Council Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the Council, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Audit Committee responsibility. 	Audit Committee - July 2018 Audit Results Report - July 2018



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Council's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the Council	Audit Results Report - July 2018
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place. Details of any inconsistencies between the Ethical Standard and Council's policy for the provision of non-audit services, and any apparent breach of that policy Details of any contingent fee arrangements for non-audit services Where EY has determined it is appropriate to apply more restrictive rules than permitted under the Ethical Standard The Audit Committee should also be provided an opportunity to discuss matters affecting auditor independence	Audit Planning Report - presented March 2018 Audit Results Report - July 2018



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	We have received all requested confirmations.
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the Audit Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Audit Committee may be aware of 	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have not identified any material instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations.
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	Audit Results Report - July 2018
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	Audit Results Report - July 2018
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Audit Results Report - July 2018



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Auditors report	Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report	Audit Results Report - July 2018
Fee Reporting	 Breakdown of fee information when the audit planning report is agreed Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit Any non-audit work 	Audit Planning Report - presented March 2018 Audit Results Report - July 2018
Certification work	Summary of certification work	Certification Report - later in 2018



Management Rep Letter

Ernst & Young LLP Citygate St James' Boulevard Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 8HW

Dear Sirs

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Darlington Borough Council ('the Council') for the year ended 31 March 2018. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as of 31 March 2018 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

- A. Financial Statements and Financial Records
- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash flows of the Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18. We have approved the financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We ae aware of one unadjusted audit difference, totaling £10k in relation to note 8c. Exit Packages. We believe that the effects of this unadjusted audit difference, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented is immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. We have not corrected the difference identified by and brought to the attention from the auditor because of materiality.



Management representation letter

- B. Non-Compliance with Law and Regulations, including Fraud
- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible to determine that the Council's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible to identify and address any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
- 2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 4. We have disclosed to you, and provided you full access to information and any internal investigations relating to all instances of identified or suspected non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud, known to us that may have affected the Council (regardless of the source or form and including, without limitation, allegations by "whistleblowers") including non-compliance matters:
- · involving financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Council's financial statements:
- related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Council's activities, its ability to continue to operate, or to avoid material penalties;

- involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal controls, or others; or
- in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other noncompliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- 1. We have provided you with:
- a) access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- b) additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- c) unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council and committees (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the year to the most recent meeting on the following date: [date]



Management representation letter

- 4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, nonmonetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the period end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 5. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- D. Liabilities and Contingencies
- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.
- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related to litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and confirm that we have not given any guarantees to third parties.

E. Subsequent Events

1. There have been no events subsequent to the period end which require adjustment of, or disclosure in, the financial statements or notes thereto.

F. Other Information

- 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Narrative Statement by the Assistant Director Resources.
- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

G. Comparative amounts

The comparative amounts have been correctly restated to reflect the removal of internal recharges that net off to zero in the prior year and also to remove the accumulated depreciation from Council Dwellings following their revaluation.

The impact of the removal of the internal recharges is a decrease in Gross Expenditure of £21,203k and a decrease in gross income of £21,203k. This amendment impacts upon the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Expenditure and Funding Analysis.

The impact of the removal of accumulated depreciation from Council Dwellings is an increase of £40,783k in the value of Property, Plant and Equipment. This also impacts upon the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Expenditure and Funding Analysis and the Capital Adjustment Account. We believe appropriate note disclosure of these restatements have also been included in the current year's financial statements.



Management representation letter

There have been no significant errors or misstatements, or changes in accounting policies, other than the matters described above, that would require a restatement of the comparative amounts in the current year's financial statements. Other differences in the amounts shown as comparative amounts from the amounts in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 are solely the result of reclassifications for comparative purposes.

- H. Use of the Work of a Specialist
- 1. We agree with the findings of both the property valuers that we engaged to evaluate the valuation of Land and Buildings, and the actuary that we engaged to evaluate the valuation of the pension liability. We have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- Estimates
 - Valuation of Land and Buildings
- We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimates have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.
- 2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of Land and Buildings appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out the valuation on behalf of the entity.

- 3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimates are complete and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.
- 4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimates and disclosures in the financial statements due to subsequent events.

Valuation of Pension Liability

- We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate has been consistently applied and is appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.
- 2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in creating the valuation the pension liability appropriately reflects our intent and ability to carry out the valuation on behalf of the entity.
- 3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimates are complete and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2017/18.
- 4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimates and disclosures in the financial statements due to subsequent events.

Yours faithfully,
Assistant Director - Resources
Chair of the Audit Committee

EY | Assurance | Tax | Transactions | Advisory

About EY

EY is a global leader in assurance, tax, transaction and advisory services. The insights and quality services we deliver help build trust and confidence in the capital markets and in economies the world over. We develop outstanding leaders who team to deliver on our promises to all of our stakeholders. In so doing, we play a critical role in building a better working world for our people, for our clients and for our communities.

EY refers to the global organization, and may refer to one or more, of the member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited, each of which is a separate legal entity. Ernst & Young Global Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients. For more information about our organization, please visit ey.com.

© 2017 EYGM Limited. All Rights Reserved.

ED None

This material has been prepared for general informational purposes only and is not intended to be relied upon as accounting, tax, or other professional advice. Please refer to your advisors for specific advice.

ey.com